

JOURNAL OF Geometry and Symmetry in Physics ISSN 1312-5192

RICCI FLOW ON MODIFIED RIEMANN EXTENSIONS

HALAMMANAVAR G. NAGARAJA AND HARISH DAMMU

Communicated by Bernard Kay

Abstract. We study the properties of the modified Riemann extensions evolving under the Ricci flow with examples.

MSC: 53C20, 53C44 Keywords: Evolution equations, Ricci flow, Riemann extension

1. Introduction

The Ricci flow and the evolution equations of the Riemannian curvature tensor were initially introduced by Hamilton [8] and was later studied to a large extent by Perelman [13–15], Cao and Zhu [4], Morgan and Tian [10]. Indeed, the theory of Ricci flow has been used to prove the geometrization and Poincare conjectures [1]. However not much work has been done on Ricci flows on modified Riemann extensions. The Ricci flow equation is the evolution equation $\frac{\partial g_{ij}}{\partial t} = -2R_{ij}$ where g_{ij} and R_{ij} are metric components respectively. As flow progresses the metric changes and hence the properties related to it.

Patterson and Walker [11] have defined Riemann extensions and showed how a Riemannian structure can be given to the 2n dimensional tangent bundle of an *n*-dimensional manifold with given non-Riemannian structure. This shows that Riemann extension provides a solution of the general problem of embedding a manifold M carrying a given structure in a manifold M carrying another structure, the embedding being carried out in such a way that the structure on M induces in a natural way the given structure on M. The Riemann extension of Riemannian or non-Riemannian spaces can be constructed with the help of the Christoffel coefficients Γ^i_{ik} of corresponding Riemann space or with connection coefficients Π^i_{ik} in the case of the space of affine connection [5]. The theory of Riemann extensions has been extensively studied by Afifi [1]. Though the Riemann extensions itself is rich in geometry, here in our discussions, the modified Riemann extensions fit naturally in to the frame work. Modified Riemann extensions are introduced in [2] and their properties we list briefly in the next section.

doi: 10.7546/jgsp-39-2015-45-53